	(Original Signature of Member)
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116TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H.R.

To amend the Act entitled "Act to provide for the establishment of the Brown v. Board of Education National Historic Site in the State of Kansas, and for other purposes" to provide for inclusion of additional related sites in the National Park System, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr.	CLYBURN introduced	the	following	bill;	which	was	referred	to	the
	Committee on								

A BILL

To amend the Act entitled "Act to provide for the establishment of the Brown v. Board of Education National Historic Site in the State of Kansas, and for other purposes" to provide for inclusion of additional related sites in the National Park System, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Brown v. Board of
- 5 Education National Historic Site Expansion Act".

1	SEC. 2. EXPANSION OF THE BROWN V. BOARD NATIONAL
2	HISTORIC SITE.
3	In order to honor the civil rights stories of struggle,
4	perseverance, and activism in the pursuit of education eq-
5	uity, the Act entitled "Act to provide for the establishment
6	of the Brown v. Board of Education National Historic Site
7	in the State of Kansas, and for other purposes" approved
8	October 26, 1992 (Public Law 102–525; 106 Stat. 3438
9	et seq.) is amended as follows:
10	(1) In section 101, by adding at the end the fol-
11	lowing new paragraph:
12	"(3) The terms 'affiliated area' and 'affiliated
13	areas' mean one or more of the locations associated
14	with the four court cases included in $Brown\ v.\ Board$
15	of Education of Topeka described in section
16	102(a)(8), (9), and (10).".
17	(2) In section 102(a)—
18	(A) by redesignating paragraphs (3) and
19	(4) as paragraphs (5) and (6), respectively;
20	(B) by inserting after paragraph (2), the
21	following:
22	"(3) The Brown case was joined by four other
23	cases related to school segregation pending before
24	the Supreme Court (Briggs v. Elliott, filed in South
25	Carolina; Davis v. County School Board of Prince
26	Edward County, Spottswood Thomas Bolling, et al.,

1	Petitioners, v. C. Melvin Sharpe, President of the Dis-
2	trict of Columbia Board of Education, et al, filed in
3	Virginia; Gebhart v. Belton, filed in Delaware; and
4	Bolling v. Sharpe, filed in the District of Columbia)
5	and consolidated into one case named $Brown\ v.$
6	Board of Education of Topeka.
7	"(4) A 1999 historic resources study examined
8	the five cases included in Brown v. Board of Edu-
9	cation of Topeka and found each to be nationally sig-
10	nificant and to contribute unique stories to the case
11	for educational equity."; and
12	(C) by inserting after paragraph (6) (as so
13	redesignated by this section), the following:
14	"(7) Summerton High School in South Caro-
15	lina, the all-white school that refused to admit the
16	plaintiffs in $Briggs\ v.\ Elliott,$ has been listed on the
17	National Register of Historic Places in recognition
18	of its national significance and is used as adminis-
19	trative offices for Clarendon School District 1. Other
20	sites include former Scott's Branch High School, an
21	'equalization school' constructed for African-Amer-
22	ican students in 1951 to provide facilities com-
23	parable to those of white students and that is now
24	the Community Resource Center owned by
25	Clarendon School District 1.

1	"(8) Robert Russa Moton School, the all-Black
2	school in Farmville, Virginia, which was the location
3	of a student-led strike leading to Davis v. County
4	School Board of Prince Edward County, Spottswood
5	Thomas Bolling, et al., Petitioners, v. C. Melvin
6	Sharpe, President of the District of Columbia Board
7	of Education, et al, has been designated a National
8	Historic Landmark in recognition of its national sig-
9	nificance. The school, now the Robert Russa Moton
10	Museum, is governed by the Moton Museum, Inc.
11	and affiliated with Longwood University.
12	"(9) Howard High School in Wilmington, Dela-
13	ware, an all-Black school to which plaintiffs in
14	Belton v. Gebhart were forced to travel, has been
15	designated a National Historic Landmark in rec-
16	ognition of its national significance. Now the How-
17	ard High School of Technology, it is an active school
18	administered by the New Castle County Vocational-
19	Technical School District. The all-White Claymont
20	High School, which denied plaintiffs admission, is
21	now the Claymont Community Center administered
22	by the Brandywine Community Resource Council,
23	Inc. The Hockessin School #107C (Hockessin Col-
24	ored School) is the all-Black school in Hockessin,
25	Delaware that one of the plaintiffs in <i>Belton</i> v.

1	Gebhart was required to attend with no public trans-
2	portation provided. The former Hockessin School
3	building is utilized by Friends of Hockessin Colored
4	School #107, Inc. as a community facility.
5	"(10) John Philip Sousa Junior High School in
6	the District of Columbia, the all-White school that
7	refused to admit plaintiffs in Bolling v. Sharpe, has
8	been designated a National Historic Landmark in
9	recognition of its national significance. John Philip
10	Sousa Junior High School, now John Philip Sousa
11	Middle School, is owned by the District of Columbia
12	Department of General Services and administered by
13	the District of Columbia Public Schools.".
14	(3) In section 102(b)(3)—
15	(A) by inserting ", protection," after
16	"preservation";
17	(B) by inserting ", Kansas; Summerton,
18	South Carolina; Farmville, Virginia; Wil-
19	mington and Hockessin, Delaware; and the Dis-
20	trict of Columbia" after "Topeka"; and
21	(C) by inserting "and the context of Brown
22	v. Board of Education" after "civil rights move-
23	ment".
24	(4) In section 103, by inserting after subsection
25	(b) the following:

1	"(c) Boundary Adjustment.—
2	"(1) In general.—In addition to land de-
3	scribed in subsection (b), the historic site shall con-
4	sist of land and interests in land identified as
5	Summerton High School and Scott's Branch High
6	School located in Clarendon County, South Carolina
7	after such land, or interests in land, is acquired by
8	the Secretary and the determination is made under
9	paragraph (2).
10	"(2) Determination by secretary.—The
11	historic site shall not be expanded until the date or
12	which the Secretary determines that a sufficient
13	quantity of land, or interests in land, has been ac-
14	quired to constitute a manageable park unit.
15	"(3) NOTICE.—Not later than 30 days after the
16	date on which the Secretary makes a determination
17	under paragraph (2), the Secretary shall publish in
18	the Federal Register notice of the expansion of the
19	historic site.
20	"(4) Map.—After the determination in sub-
21	section (2), the Secretary shall publish a new map
22	of the historic site to include land or interests in
23	land acquired under this subsection.".
24	(5) In section 104—

1	(A) by striking "section 103(b)" and in-
2	serting "subsections (b) and (c) of section
3	103";
4	(B) by striking ": Provided, however, That
5	the" inserting "The"; and
6	(C) by adding before the final period the
7	following: "nor by condemnation of any land or
8	interest in land within the boundaries of the
9	historic site".
10	(6) In section 105(c), by inserting before the
11	final period the following: "in Topeka, Kansas. After
12	the boundary adjustment under section 103(c), the
13	Secretary shall prepare and submit to the Com-
14	mittee on Natural Resources of the House of Rep-
15	resentatives and the Committee on Energy and Nat-
16	ural Resources of the Senate a general management
17	plan for the historic site locations in Clarendon
18	County, South Carolina".
19	(7) By inserting after section 105, the fol-
20	lowing:
21	"SEC. 106. ESTABLISHMENT OF THE BROWN V. BOARD OF
22	EDUCATION AFFILIATED AREAS.
23	"(a) In General.—The locations associated with the
24	three court cases included in $Brown\ v.\ Board\ of\ Education$
25	of Topeka described in sections 102(a)(8), (9), and (10)

1	are established as affiliated areas of the National Park
2	System.
3	"(b) Administration.—The affiliated areas shall be
4	managed in accordance with—
5	"(1) this section; and
6	"(2) any law generally applicable to units of the
7	National Park System.
8	"(c) General Management Plan.—
9	"(1) In general.—Not later than two years
10	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Sec-
11	retary, in consultation with the management entity
12	of each affiliated area, shall develop a general man-
13	agement plan for each of the affiliated areas in ac-
14	cordance with section 100502 of title 54, United
15	States Code. The general management plan shall—
16	"(A) be prepared in consultation and co-
17	ordination with the interested State, county,
18	and local governments, management entities,
19	organizations, and interested members of the
20	public associated with the affiliated area;
21	"(B) identify, as appropriate, the roles and
22	responsibilities of the National Park Service
23	and management entity in administering and
24	interpreting the affiliated area in such a man-
25	ner that it does not interfere with existing oper-

1	ations and continued use of existing facilities;
2	and
3	"(C) require the Secretary to coordinate
4	the preparation and implementation of the
5	management plan and interpretation of the af-
6	filiated area with the Brown v. Board of Edu-
7	cation National Historic Site.
8	"(2) Public comment.—The Secretary shall—
9	"(A) hold not less than one public meeting
10	in the general proximity of each affiliated area
11	on the proposed general management plan, in-
12	cluding opportunities for public comment; and
13	"(B) publish the draft general manage-
14	ment plan on the internet and provide an op-
15	portunity for public comment.
16	"(3) Transmittal.—Not later than 3 years
17	after the date on which funds are made available to
18	carry out this section, the Secretary shall transmit
19	the general management plan for each affiliated area
20	developed under subparagraph (1) to the Committee
21	on Natural Resources of the House of Representa-
22	tives and the Committee on Energy and Natural Re-
23	sources of the Senate.
24	"(d) Management Entity.—The organizations de-
25	scribed in paragraphs (8), (9), and (10) of section 102(a)

1	shall be the management entity for its respective affiliated
2	area.
3	"(e) Cooperative Agreements.—The Secretary
4	may provide technical assistance and grants and enter into
5	cooperative agreements with the management entity for
6	each affiliated area to provide financial assistance for the
7	marketing, marking, interpretation, and preservation of
8	the respective affiliated area.
9	"(f) Land Use.—Nothing in this section affects land
10	use rights of private property owners within or adjacent
11	to the affiliated areas, including activities or uses on pri-
12	vate land that can be seen or heard within the affiliated
13	areas and the authorities for management entities to oper-
14	ate and administer the affiliated areas.
15	"(g) Limited Role of the Secretary.—Nothing
16	in this section authorizes the Secretary to acquire property
17	in an affiliated area or to assume overall financial respon-
18	sibility for the operation, maintenance, or management of
19	an affiliated area. Each affiliated area shall continue to
20	be owned, operated, and managed by its respective public
21	and private owners.".
22	(8) By redesignating section 106 as section
23	107.
24	(9) In section 107 (as so redesignated by this
25	subsection), by inserting before the period the fol-

- lowing: "at the historic site, and there is authorized
- 2 to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to
- 3 carry out sections 103(c) and 106".